

Cambridge Assessment International Education

Cambridge International General Certificate of Secondary Education

GLOBAL PERSPECTIVES

0457/13

Paper 1 Written Examination

May/June 2019

MARK SCHEME
Maximum Mark: 70

Published

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

Cambridge International will not enter into discussions about these mark schemes.

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This document consists of 14 printed pages.



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Generic Marking Principles

These general marking principles must be applied by all examiners when marking candidate answers. They should be applied alongside the specific content of the mark scheme or generic level descriptors for a question. Each question paper and mark scheme will also comply with these marking principles.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 1:

Marks must be awarded in line with:

the specific content of the mark scheme or the generic level descriptors for the question the specific skills defined in the mark scheme or in the generic level descriptors for the question the standard of response required by a candidate as exemplified by the standardisation scripts.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 2:

Marks awarded are always whole marks (not half marks, or other fractions).

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 3:

Marks must be awarded positively:

marks are awarded for correct/valid answers, as defined in the mark scheme. However, credit is given for valid answers which go beyond the scope of the syllabus and mark scheme, referring to your Team Leader as appropriate

marks are awarded when candidates clearly demonstrate what they know and can do marks are not deducted for errors

marks are not deducted for omissions

answers should only be judged on the quality of spelling, punctuation and grammar when these features are specifically assessed by the question as indicated by the mark scheme. The meaning, however, should be unambiguous.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 4:

Rules must be applied consistently e.g. in situations where candidates have not followed instructions or in the application of generic level descriptors.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 5:

Marks should be awarded using the full range of marks defined in the mark scheme for the question (however; the use of the full mark range may be limited according to the quality of the candidate responses seen).

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 6:

Marks awarded are based solely on the requirements as defined in the mark scheme. Marks should not be awarded with grade thresholds or grade descriptors in mind.

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Question	Answer	Marks
1(a)	Candidates should identify the following figure from Source 1:	1
	1 billion	
	1 mark should be awarded for the identification of the above from Source 1.	
	Further guidance – the only acceptable answer is listed above. However, candidates may use their own words.	
1(b)	Candidates may identify the following causes of homelessness from Source 2:	2
	Migration	
	Natural disasters Unemployment	
	Family breakdown High cost of housing	
	Urbanisation War and conflict	
	1 mark should be awarded for each correctly identified cause up to a maximum of 2 marks.	
	Further guidance – the only acceptable answers are listed above. However, candidates may use their own words.	

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Question	Answer	Marks
1(c)	Indicative content	3
	Candidates may identify one of the following causes of homelessness:	
	Migration to cities Natural disasters Unemployment Family breakdown High cost of housing Urbanisation War and conflict	
	Candidates may give the following reasons, any of which could be used, to justify their choice:	
	The number of people affected The range of impact e.g. number of countries / regions / cities The depth of impact e.g. how much difference will be made to lifespan The timescale for making a difference Costs Availability of resources Other reasonable response	
	Further guidance – candidates are most likely to discuss causes from Source 2 as listed above. However, the assessment is focused mainly upon their reasoning / justification and therefore additional causes should be credited.	
	The following levels of response should be used to award marks.	
	Level 3 (3 marks) Good response Clearly reasoned, credible explanation explicitly linked to a cause.	
	Level 2 (2 marks) Reasonable response A basic or partial explanation. The link between the explanation and a cause may be implicit or unclear at times.	
	Level 1 (1 mark) Limited response Limited explanation. The link between the identified cause and explanation is implicit or tangential.	
	Level 0 (0 marks) No relevant response or creditworthy material.	

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Question	Answer	Marks
1(d)	Indicative content	6
	Candidates are likely to identify the following local consequences of homelessness:	
	create local danger to others make a mess / spoil the local environment e.g. from sleeping / eating / cooking in street frightening for local people e.g. from appearance and begging local crime e.g. steal food and take illegal drugs reduce tourism e.g. poor reputation of the local area	
	Candidates are likely to identify the following national consequences of homelessness:	
	reduced national economic growth e.g. lack of investment due to poor image; lack of tourists spending money higher taxes e.g. to pay for hostels / shelter / health care	
	3 marks are available for the explanation of each consequence. A total of 6 marks (3 marks + 3 marks) are therefore available for the questions as a whole.	
	The following levels of response should be used to award marks.	
	Level 3 (3 marks) Good response A clear and full explanation of the consequence explicitly related to the context – local or national.	
	Level 2 (2 marks) Reasonable response A basic or partial explanation of the consequence generally related to the context – local or national.	
	Level 1 (1 mark) Limited response An identification of a consequence with limited or no explanation related to the context – local or national.	
	Level 0 (0 marks) No relevant response or creditworthy material.	

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Question	Answer	Marks
2(a)	Indicative content	6
	Candidates are likely to discuss the following evaluative points relating to Source 3.	
	Strengths: strongly worded passionate argument uses personal experience as evidence gives an example to illustrate other reasonable response	
	Weaknesses: much opinion anecdotal evidence a rant exaggerated little authority poor knowledge claims little if any factual evidence no references or citation other reasonable response	
	The following levels of response should be used to award marks.	
	Level 3 (5–6 marks) Good response Clearly reasoned, credible and structured evaluation; two (or more) developed points clearly linked to the issue, with some other undeveloped points; or a wide range (four or more) of undeveloped points.	
	Evaluation is clearly focused on the strengths and/or weaknesses of the reasons within the argument and/or the way evidence is used to support the claim.	
	Level 2 (3–4 marks) Reasonable response Reasonable evaluation mainly focused on the evidence and/or reasons, its strengths and/or weaknesses, and the way it is used to support the claim. The response may contain one (or more) developed point(s), with some other undeveloped points. Some (two or more) undeveloped points may be sufficient.	
	Level 1 (1–2 marks) Limited response Limited evaluation which is often unsupported and asserted. The response is clear in part but is incomplete, tangential and generalised. It usually contains one or two undeveloped points only. Answers at this level may repeat source material with little understanding.	
	Level 0 (0 marks) No relevant response or creditworthy material.	

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Question	Answer	Marks
2(b)	Indicative content	8
	Candidates are likely to discuss the following ways to test the claim stated in Source 3.	
	Possible types of information: compare statistics / information on homelessness in the area past and present data from government, city authorities, charities on sleeping on the street individual testimony or personal experience material like statistics, studies, media articles, images, video clips other relevant response	
	Possible sources of information: national and local governments and their departments international organisations, e.g. United Nations; UNESCO experts in homelessness research reports pressure groups, charities and NGOs media and the internet other relevant response	
	Possible methods: review of secondary sources / literature / research / documents interview relevant experts, carers, homeless internet search questionnaires surveys other relevant response	
	The following levels of response should be used to award marks. Level 4 (7–8 marks) Very good response Clearly reasoned, credible and structured explanation of a range of ways to test the claim. The response contains three (or more) developed points, and may contain some undeveloped points.	
	The response is clearly and explicitly related to testing the claim.	
	Level 3 (5–6 marks) Good response Reasoned and mainly credible explanation of ways to test the claim. The response contains two (or more) developed points, and may contain some undeveloped points.	
	The response is explicitly related to testing the claim.	

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Question	Answer	Marks
2(b)	Level 2 (3–4 marks) Reasonable response Some reasoning and explanation of ways to test the claim. The response contains one (or more) developed point(s), and/or a range of undeveloped points. The response may lack clarity.	
	The response is related to testing the claim.	
	Level 1 (1–2 marks) Limited response Limited explanation of ways to test the claim. The response contains one or two simple, undeveloped and asserted points.	
	There is little relevance in the response to testing the claim or the methods, sources and types of information are generally not appropriate for the claim being tested.	
	Level 0 (0 marks) No relevant response or creditworthy material.	
	Further Guidance – if the response lists methods or sources without linking to the issue / context, then it should not be placed above Level 2.	

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Question	Answer	Marks
3(a)	Candidates may identify one of the following opinions from Source 4. It is not their fault The number of homeless people there will increase It is right to help Everyone is equal We need cheap housing Everyone can help to pay through taxes Globalisation is making the problem is too big Only governments will be able to make a real difference This is much fairer than putting the burden on World bank says local action can help homeless people Community leaders believe that the problem of homelessness has been solved Homeless people have human rights / need help Movement of people needs to be controlled by governments Government housing (in India) is much better than living in a refugee camp / shanty town / on the streets 1 mark should be awarded for the identification of one of the above. Further guidance – the only acceptable answers are listed above. However,	1
3(b)	Candidates may use their own words. The following examples are found in Source 4.	1
	The number of homeless people there will increase Only governments will be able to make a real difference With this support most get jobs / move permanently into new homes Award 1 mark for correctly identifying a prediction from the list above Further guidance – the only acceptable answers are listed above. However, candidates may use their own words.	

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Question	Answer	Marks
3(c)	Indicative Content	3
	A value judgement is a view or decision about what is right, wrong or important, based a particular set of standards, principles, or values.	
	The following examples are found in Source 4.	
	It is right to help Everyone is equal is much better than living in a refugee camp / shanty town / on the streets This is much fairer than putting the burden on People have human rights	
	Award 1 mark for correctly identifying a value judgement from the list above. However, candidates may use their own words.	
	Award an additional 1 mark for a response that demonstrates some understanding of a value judgement. For example: It is a value judgement that it is right to help homeless people because this view is based on moral principles.	
	or	
	Award an additional 2 marks for a clear understanding of a value judgement applied accurately to the example identify from Source 4. For example: It is a value judgement that it is right to help homeless people because Pia is taking a view on whether something is right or wrong (helping homeless people) based on her own moral principles.	
	The response must include a correct example of a value judgement to be awarded additional marks for the explanation.	

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Question	Answer	Marks
3(d)	Indicative content	15
	Candidates are expected to evaluate the arguments presented in Source 4 and compare their effectiveness. They should make a supported judgement with some explanation about which person has the most convincing argument.	
	Candidates may support their judgement by considering:	
	Strength of reasoning: logic structure balance claims	
	Use of language: tone – emotive, exaggerated, precise clarity	
	Evidence: range of information and depth relevance sufficiency – sample source – media; internet date – how recent different types of information – fact, opinion, value, anecdote testimony – from experience and expert	
	Sources of bias local interest economic personal values experience	
	Likely consequences of the ideas presented	
	Acceptability of their values to others how likely other people are to agree with their perspective / view	
	The following levels of response should be used to award marks.	
	Level 5 (13–15 marks) Very good response Clear, credible and well supported points about which argument is more convincing. Coherent, structured evaluation of both arguments with clear comparison.	
	The response contains three (or more) developed evaluative points, and may include some undeveloped points.	
	A clear judgement is reached.	

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Question	Answer	Marks
3(d)	Level 4 (10–12 marks) Good response Clear, supported points about which argument is more convincing. Evaluation of both arguments, with comparison.	
	The response contains two (or more) developed evaluative points and may include some undeveloped points. A wide range (four or more) of undeveloped but clearly appropriate points may be sufficient to enter this band at the lower level.	
	A judgment is reached.	
	Level 3 (7–9 marks) Reasonable response Reasonable points about which argument is more convincing. Some evaluation of both arguments, with an attempt at comparison. Judgements and evaluative points are partially supported or asserted.	
	One (or more) developed evaluative points, possibly with some undeveloped points; three (or more) undeveloped points may be sufficient to enter this band at the lower level.	
	An attempt is made to give an overall judgement.	
	Level 2 (4–6) Basic response Basic points about which argument is more convincing. There may be only one argument considered in any detail, with little attempt at comparison. Judgements and evaluative points are partially supported and lack clarity / relevance at times.	
	The response contains two (or more) undeveloped points.	
	A basic judgement may be reached.	
	Level 1 (1–3 marks) Limited response Limited and unsupported points about which argument is more convincing. The response considers the arguments briefly and/or tangentially. There is little clarity. Answers at this level may repeat source material with little understanding or simply agree / disagree with the arguments presented.	
	The response may not contain any clear evaluative points.	
	Level 0 (0 marks) No relevant response or creditworthy material.	
	Further Guidance – if only one argument is discussed then a maximum of L3 9 marks can be awarded.	

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Question	Answer	Marks
4	Indicative content	24
	Candidates are expected to make a judgement about the best course of action to reduce homelessness in the area.	
	Candidates may use and develop the material found in Sources 1 to 4, but should go beyond simply repeating or recycling without adaptation. Other material may be introduced but is not necessary to gain full marks.	
	Candidates may consider some of the following:	
	reference to scale of impact on homelessness reference to different consequences and implications for individuals / groups / government how long it might take to make a difference barriers to change	
	the power of collective action, e.g. cooperation between countries over homelessness issues the influence of individuals and groups on decision making	
	the role of vested interests and power differences potential conflicts of interest difficulties in planning and coordinating improvements cost and access to resources to implement change other reasonable response	
	The following levels of response should be used to award marks.	
	Level 5 (20–24 marks) Very good response Clear, well supported reasoning about the recommended course of action. Different arguments and perspectives are clearly considered.	
	The response contains a wide range of clearly reasoned points and/or evidence to support the views expressed, with four (or more) developed points, and some undeveloped points.	
	The response is very well structured and a clear judgement is reached.	
	Level 4 (15–19 marks) Good response Clear, supported reasoning about the recommended course of action. Different arguments and perspectives are considered.	
	The response contains a range of reasoned points and/or evidence to support the views expressed, with three (or more) developed points, and some undeveloped points.	
	The response I generally well-structured and a judgement is reached.	

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Question	Answer	Marks
4	Level 3 (10–14 marks) Reasonable response Some supported reasoning about the recommended course of action. Different arguments and perspectives are included.	
	The response contains some points and/or evidence to support the views expressed, with two (or more) developed points, and some undeveloped points.	
	The response is structured but at times difficult to follow and an attempt is made to give an overall judgement.	
	Level 2 (5–9 marks) Basic response Basic reasoning about the recommended course of action. Different arguments are included; perspectives, if present, are unclear.	
	The response relies on assertion rather than evidence but contains one (or more) developed point(s) or a range of undeveloped points.	
	The response lacks structure and is difficult to follow though a basic judgement may be attempted.	
	Level 1 (1–4 marks) Limited response Limited and unsupported reasoning about the topic in general. Different arguments may be included.	
	Level 0 (0 marks) No relevant response or creditworthy material.	

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